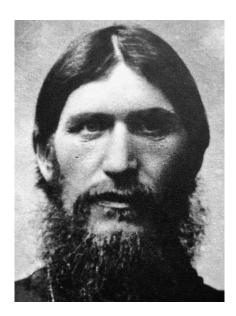
# GENETICS

The science of inherited disease







# The 100,000 Genomes Project What's a genome?





# Human Genome Project First draft sequence 2000









- They thought they'd find a minimum of 100,000 genes
- They found 20,000
- That's the same number as a starfish



# How much of your DNA is genes?



**80%** 

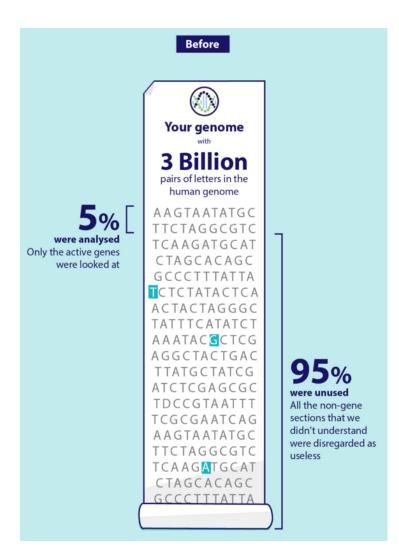
•50%

•20%

## **Genes: less than 5% of DNA**



- Rest of the DNA used to be 'junk', wasn't thought to be important.
- Now know it's important for regulation, switching genes on and off at the right time.
- Still much more to learn about what it all does.



### **Genomics**



## The science of

- •all the DNA in the genome
- And how it's sequenced, analysed and interpreted

# How different are our genomes?



- More difference between individuals than between different races
- •We are 99.8% identical
- But 0.2% is still 3 million differences. Its what makes you you

# The first human genome sequence



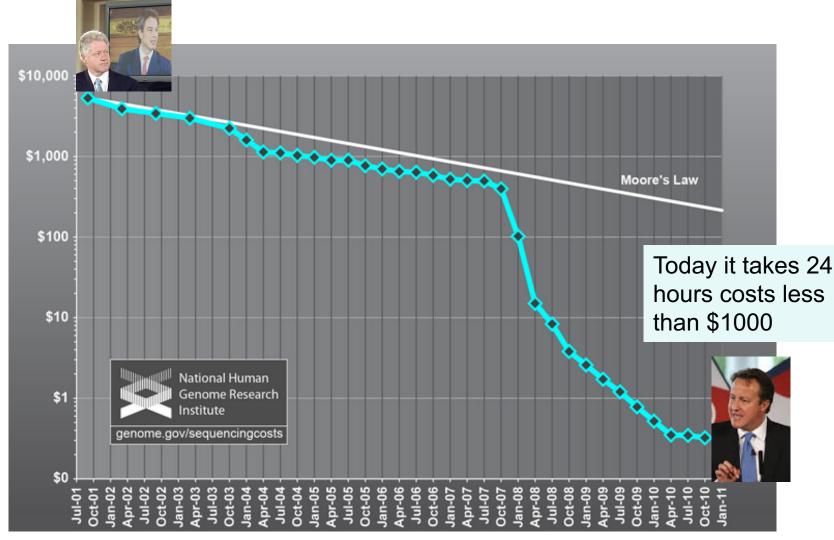




 26<sup>th</sup> June 2000 - Cost \$3.2 billion and took 13 years

## **Cost of sequencing**







1. To bring benefit to NHS patients

2. To create an ethical and transparent programme based on consent

3. To enable new scientific discovery and medical insights

4. To kickstart the development of a UK genomics industry



.....in a nutshell

- The 100,000 Genomes Project is a research project, a clinical service and an NHS transformation project in one
- 100,000 whole genomes from 70,000 patients and their families with rare disease or cancer, completion by 2018
- Based on consent
- Recruitment through 13 NHS Genomic Medicine Centres



.....in a nutshell

- Sequence data linked to health data to diagnose
- Sequence data, health data and lifelong medical record data put into dataset available for research including access by drug companies
- NHS will be first health system in the world to embed genomic medicine in mainstream healthcare
- At the cutting edge of science and very, very hard.



# The beginning of something amazing

# Personalised Medicine

# New era of personalised medicine





### THE 4 Ps:

- Prediction and prevention of disease
- 2. More **precise** diagnosis
- Targeted and personalised interventions
- 4. A more **participatory** role for patients

# The future starts with beauty



**GENEU®** 

ABOUT - SHOP - APPOINTMENTS THE SCIENCE SKIN CARE - NEWS CONTACT L Q GBP -







#### **OUR GENOMICS REVOLUTION**

The search for the secret to eternal youth is centuries old, but GENEU has turned to the latest in science for the answer. Our scientific research recognises that 60% of your skin ageing can be attributed to inherited genes, and 40% to lifestyle factors". This is why our unique service starts by offering customers a DNA & Lifestyle Test to look at the two key genes responsible for skin ageing, and includes a lifestyle assessment. Image of test This allows us to determine your skin's profile based on your genes and lifestyle, which forms your U\* skin profile.

What makes this further unique, is that it's actually a very quick and effective process. Once your DNA sample is collected and received by us, our scientists analyse it in our quality-assured gold standard London laboratory, and using our unique algorithm we combine the results with your lifestyle assessment.



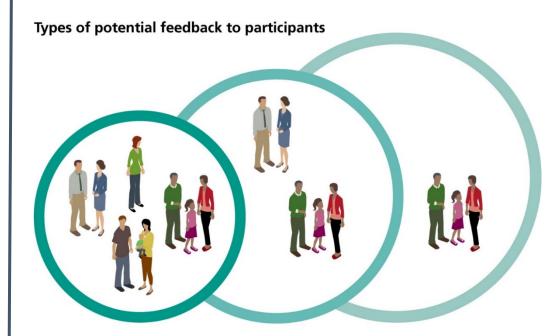
Significant scientific research has been conducted in collaboration with researchers at Imperial College, London to understand the link between the variations we detect in the two ageing genes and the lifestyle factors and how they relate to the optimal active ingredients and the best concentrations to use in our personalised serums. This research forms the scientific basis of our skin care. These relationships have been used to create the algorithm we use, into which we provide the genetic results and answers to your lifestyle questionnaire. The algorithm provides the result that creates your recommended U\* skin profile. This lab-process only takes 2 working days, so very quickly, we'll have your results and can invite you to have a private results consultation with our scientific advisor, who will personally-prescribe and provide for you two recommended GENEU serums, each with the right concentration of advanced active ingredients for your skin. Your two prescribed serums will provide you with the anti-ageing support you need, to delay the appearance of the formation of wrinkles and fine lines, whilst optimising your skin's health through hydrating benefits.

### **Prediction & Prevention**



### Familial Hypercholesterolaemia (FH)

- Of the 120,000
   people in the UK
   with FH only 15% –
   less than 1 in 5,
   know they have the
   condition
- At least 28,000 children in the UK have FH but only 600 of these are known



#### Main findings

All participants agree to receive results about the main condition for which they were referred

#### **Additional findings**

Participants can opt in to receive feedback on a selection of known genetic alterations of high clinical significance

#### Carrier status

Parents who are planning more children together can opt in to find out their carrier status for certain genetic diseases

Image courtesy of Health Education England

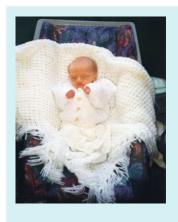
16 June 2017

## **More Precise Diagnosis**

## Genomics england

## The right diagnosis first time

Five babies: all the same symptoms











KCNJ11 p.V59M
Permanent diabetes
and developmental
delay

EIF2AK3 p.E371\*
Wolcott Rallison
Syndrome

FOXP3 c.227delT IPEX syndrome

GATA6 c.1448-1455del Syndromic pancreatic agenesis

STAT3 p.T716M

Multi-organ

autoimmune

disease

Sulphonylured	7
therapy	

Liver Transplant

Bone Marrow Transplant

Insulin and exocrine supplements

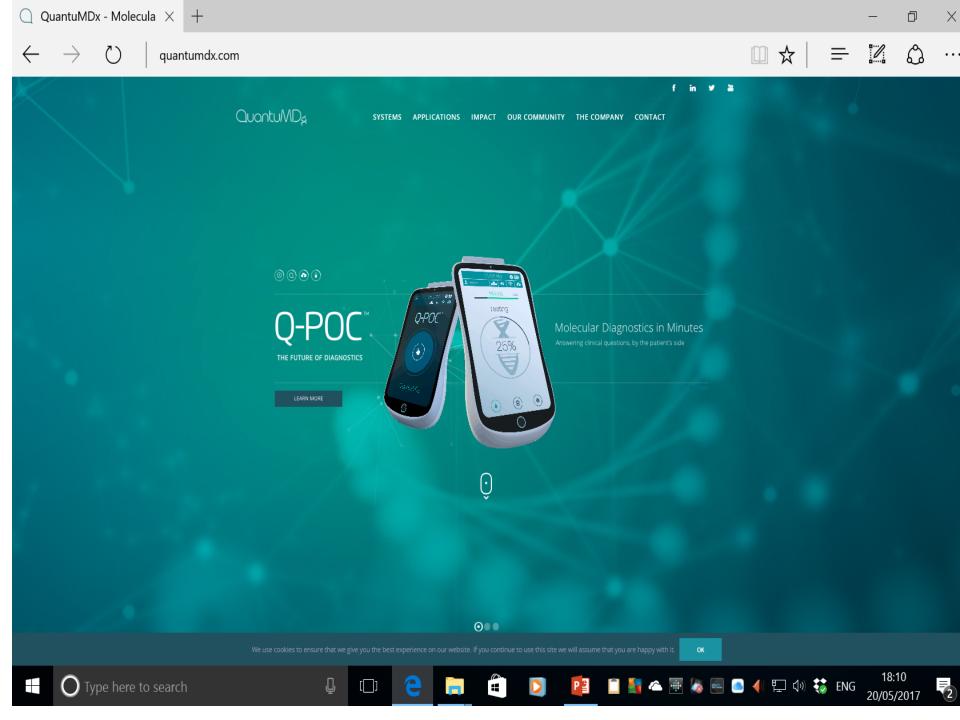
? STAT3 inhibitor

## The right treatment first time



## Pharmacogenomics

- 8000 NHS beds a day occupied by people who have had adverse drug events (6.5% of total beds)
- 70% of the way that drugs are metabolised is through the cytochrome p450 pathway
- Many drugs affected by genetic variants e.g. codeine, abacavir, warfarin
- Right antibiotics first time

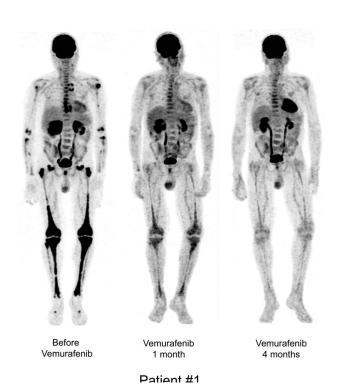


## Personalised & targeted



#### Cancer care

- Highly targeted
- Panels or WGS? Jury is out.
- Expensive drugs only for those for whom it will work
- If resistance develops, resequence
- A baseline if cancer returns
- Provides dataset for future clinical trials



# A Participatory role for patients



- Wellness rather than illness
- Approach with caution



### **Ethics**



### Where will this technology take us?

- Whole genome sequencing at birth
- What about before birth?
- What do we want to know?
- What do we want NOT to know?
- How sure do we have to be?
- Over-diagnosis?



## What the future is not



Genomics in genetics departments









